Semi-modal verb NEED

CLICKIII

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The semi-modal verbs (or marginal modals) are: dare, need, used to and ought to. They behave similarly to modal verbs but also share some characteristics with main verbs. For example, unlike modal verbs, some semi-modal verbs are followed by to, but like modal verbs, they do not change form for person.

NEED means to have to have something, or to want something very much.

As a modal verb, **NEED** is typically used in negative sentences or in affirmative sentences with a negative meaning and it is followed by a bare infinitive (verb without to)

AFFIRMATIVE: The use of NEED as a modal verb in affirmative sentences is not very common. It is rather formal, it is more usual to use NEED TO.

NEED AS A MODAL VERB

- If she wants anything, she need only ask.
- Need we leave so soon?
- He need only ask and I will tell him.

NEED AS A MAIN VERB (NEED TO)

- If she wants anything, she only needs to ask.
- Do we need to leave so soon?
- He only needs to ask and I will tell him.

NEGATIVE: It is used to give sb permission not to do sth in the immediate future.

You needn't worry about that. / You needn't come until later.

When we are talking about general necessity, we normally use DON'T NEED TO:

Vegetarians think that we don't need to kill animals to eat.

Negatives and questions are formed without 'do'.

QUESTIONS: Need as a modal verb also occurs in interrogative sentences, but this use is very formal.

Need I say more? / Where will you all be today? – Need you ask? / Need you make so much noise?

NEEDN'T + HAVE + PAST PARTICIPLE - Need as a modal does not have a past tense form.

Needn't + have + past participle, however, is used for actions which were performed but were unnecessary

You needn't have washed the dishes. I would've put them in the dishwasher.
(You washed the dishes, but it wasn't necessary)