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INVERSION IN THE FIRST PART OF THE SE						CE	Are you looking for material to prepare for your	
	INVERSION						Cambridge English Exam?	
NEGATIVE ADVERBIAL	PAST PERFECT (simple past)	SUBJECT	PAST PERFECT (past participle)	ADJUNCT	Adverb or conjunction	Dependent clause Example sentences		
HARDLY / SCARCELY/ BARELY	HAD	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Example: ARRIVED	Ex: HOME	WHEN	Hardly/Scarcely/Barely had I got into bed when the telephone rang.		
NO SOONER	HAD	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Example: DONE	Ex: HOME	THAN	No sooner <u>had they</u> started their walk than it started to rain.		
NEGATIVE ADVERBIAL	AUX /MODAL/ VERB BE	SUBJECT	VERB	EXAMPLE SENTENCES				
NOT ONLY NOT OFTEN NOT ALWAYS NOT ONCE	DO, DOES, DID, WILL, SHOULD, MUST, MAY, ARE, WAS, WERE, ETC	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Examples: WANT, ARRIVE, SAY, TRY TO, NEED TO, ETC	Not only <u>is the car</u> economical, but it also feels good to drive. Not often <u>does Jack</u> attend parties. Not always <u>did we</u> know who was "right". Not once <u>did l</u> say he didn't deserve to win.				
NEGATIVE ADVERBIAL	AUX.VERB/MODAL VERB OR VERB BE	SUBJECT	VERB (Inf/ P.Participle)	EXAMPLE SENTENCES				
NEVER (BEFORE)	HAVE , HAD, HAS, DID	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Ex: SEEN/DONE/ UNDERSTAND	Never <u>had she</u> seen such a beautiful sight before. Never (before) <u>have !</u> met such an interesting person.				
RARELY, SELDOM, HARDLY EVER,	DO,AM, DOES, DID, WILL, ARE, WAS, WERE, ETC	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Ex: WANT, NEED TO, ARRIVE, SAY, TRY TO, ETC	Rarely <u>will you</u> hear such beautiful music. Rarely <u>do we</u> get to see the people who control the news. Seldom <u>do we</u> see such an amazing display of dance. Hardly ever <u>did she</u> go on holiday.				
ON NO ACCOUNT, UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES, ON NO CONDITION, AT NO TIME	SHOULD	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Ex: ARRIVE, DO, STAY, TAKE, ETC	On no account <u>should you</u> do anything without asking me first. Under no circumstances <u>can this</u> door be kept open. Under no circumstances <u>are you</u> to go out. On no condition <u>should untrained personnel</u> use this device. At no time <u>should you</u> endanger yourself or others.				
LITTLE	DID, DOES	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Ex: KNOW, REALISE, SUSPECT,etc	Little <u>did he</u> imagine how interesting it would be. Little <u>did John</u> realize how good that painting was. Little <u>did I</u> know how enjoyable this training would be				
ONLY THEN ONLY NOW ONLY LATER ONLY ONCE	DID, DO, DOES, HAS, HAVE	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Ex: KNOW, UNDERSTAND, REALISE	Only then <u>did !</u> understand what she meant Only now <u>am !</u> able to understand what happened. Only later <u>did she</u> really think about the situation. Only once <u>did !</u> go to the opera when ! was in Italy.				
IN NO WAY	CAN, COULD , DID, DO, DOES, HAS, HAVE, WERE,	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Ex: WANT, UNDERSTAND, REALISE, HELP	In no way <u>do I</u> agree with what you're saying. In no way <u>will I</u> agree to sharing an office with Ben. In no way <u>did the</u> report blame her for the accident. In no way <u>did he</u> imply she was lazy.				
NOWHERE NOTHING	CAN, COULD , DID, DO, DOES, HAS, HAVE, WERE,	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Ex: WANT, UNDERSTAND, REALISE, HELP	Nowhere <u>have I</u> ever had such bad service. Nowhere <u>will you</u> find a better place to relax. Nothing <u>have I</u> seen that could rival the pyramids.				
INVERSION IN THE SECOND PART OF THE SENTENCE								
ONLY AFTER		INVERSION		EXAMPLE SENTENCES				
ONLY BY ONLY IF		iid Cit.	31011	Only after I'd seen her <u>did I</u> understand her problem.				
ONLY IN ONLY ONCE ONLY WHEN	CLAUSE OR PHRASE	VERB	SUBJECT	Only by working extremely hard <u>could we</u> afford to eat. Only if you study hard <u>can you</u> be successful. Only in the USA <u>have I</u> seen such high buildings. Only once I had talked to him <u>did all make</u> sense. Only when we'd all arrived home <u>did I</u> feel calm. Not before looking at it closely <u>did I</u> know what it was Not until I saw John <u>did I</u> really believe he was safe. Not since I was child <u>have I had</u> such a great time.			sful. uildings. <u>ee</u> sense.	
NOT BEFORE NOT UNTIL NOT SINCE		VERB/MODAL VERB OR VERB BE	NOUN OR PRONOUN					
INVERSION IN CONDITIONAL SENTENCES								
INVERSION		VERB (bare infinitive)	EXAMPLE SENTENCE					
AUXILIARY VERB SHOULD - 1 st CONDITIONAL	SUBJECT NOUN OR	,	NORMAL				INVERTED	
No contraction X shouldn't you √ should you not	PRONOUN	Ex:HAVE, NEED, GO,FIND, ETC.		nore information	1	Should yo	ou need more information	
AUXILIARY VERB	SUBJECT	VERB (to infinitive)		AMPLE SEN	TENC	CE		
WERE - 2 nd CONDITIONAL No contraction X weren't1 to / √ were I not to Past Subjunctive: If I were you	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Ex:TO DO , TO FIND OUT, TO SEE, ETC		RMAL u, I would d out that they			INVERTED Vere I you, I would the to find out that they	
AUXILIARY VERB	SUBJECT	VERB (P PARTICIPLE)	EXAMPLE SENTENCE					
HAD - 3 _{rd} CONDITIONAL No contraction X hadn't you / √ had you not	NOUN OR PRONOUN	Ex:KNOWN, SEEN, HELPED,ETC	NORMAL If I had known that sooner , I would If you had not been late, you				INVERTED own that sooner, I would rou not been late, you	
				, ,		riad you not been late, you		