

REFERENCE TO THE PREVIOUS PARAGRAPH IS HIGHLIGHTED IN **BLUE**.
 REFERENCE TO THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPH IS HIGHLIGHTED IN **YELLOW**.

10
 Part 6

You are going to read a newspaper article about the man who designed the recycling symbol. Six sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences **A – G** the one which fits each gap (37 – 42). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.

Mark your answers **on the separate answer sheet**.

How the recycling symbol was created

Gary Anderson designed a symbol which we see everywhere nowadays.



I studied engineering at the University of Southern California at a time when there was a lot of emphasis in the United States on training young people to be engineers. That said, I eventually switched to architecture. I just couldn't get a grasp on electronics and architecture seemed more concrete to me.

It was around that time that I saw a poster advertising a design competition being run by the Container Corporation of America. The idea was to create a symbol to represent recycled paper. One of my college requirements had been a graphic design course so I thought I'd give it a go. **It didn't take me long to come up with my design: only a day or two.** **But I already had arrows and angles in my mind because on my course I'd done a presentation on recycling waste water.** I'd come up with a graphic that described this process very simply.

The problem with the design I'd done earlier was that it seemed flat, two-dimensional. So when I sat down to enter the competition, I thought back to a field trip in elementary school to a newspaper office where we'd been shown how paper was fed over rollers as it was printed. **38** **The three arrows in it look like strips of folded-over paper.** I drew them in pencil, and then traced over everything in black ink. These days, with computer graphics packages, it's rare that designs are quite so plain.

I think I found out I'd won the competition in a letter. Was I excited? Well, yes of course – but not that excited. **39** **So it just seemed like, of course I would win!** There was a monetary prize, though for the life of me I can't remember how much it was... about \$2,000?

When I finished my studies, I decided to go into urban planning and I moved to Los Angeles. It seems funny, but I really played down the fact that I'd won this competition. I was afraid it would make me look as though I was interested in graphics, rather than urban planning. **40** **I remember seeing it once on a leaflet which had been produced on recycled paper, but then it disappeared.**

A while after graduating, I flew to Amsterdam for a holiday. I'll never forget: when I walked off the plane, I saw my symbol. It was on a big recycling bin. And it was bigger than a beach ball! **41** **I was really taken aback. That was quite a long time ago though.** Since then, I've got more qualifications and worked for quite a few different firms, some more environmentally aware than others.

I feel much prouder of the recycling symbol now than I used to, probably because it's so widely seen. **Maybe this design has been more important to me than I'd thought.** **42** **There's more to me than the recycling symbol.**

Always highlight reason links before and after the gaps.
 (Due to, owing to, because of, on account of, since, so, therefore, consequently, etc.)
 Download a list here :<http://www.aprendeinglesenleganes.com/open-cloze---vocabulary-list.php>

Always highlight addition links before and after the gaps.
 (Too, also, as well, besides, in addition, moreover, what's more, etc.)
 Download a list here :<http://www.aprendeinglesenleganes.com/open-cloze---vocabulary-list.php>

Still : contrast link.
 used for saying that something remains true despite what was said before.

Also : Addition link
 "Also" is used for adding another fact/idea to what has already been said

The pronoun "THAT" refers back to sth mentioned earlier.
 What does "THAT" refer to?

So: Reason link
 "SO" shows that the second sentence is the result of the first

A **Still,** I'd hate to think that my life's work is defined by it.
 Defined by what? The pronoun "it" refers back to sth mentioned in the previous phrase/paragraph.

E I realise **that** seems ridiculous for something that's been so successful.
 The pronoun "THAT" refers back to sth mentioned earlier. What does "THAT" refer to?

B I used **what I'd seen** to create **the image**.
 What image? The pronoun "the" refers back to sth that was mentioned previously.

F **Also,** nothing much happened to the symbol for a while.

What he had seen, where?

C I'm no expert on recycling but I can certainly see its value.

G I guess **at that point in my life** I had an exaggerated sense of my own importance.

At that point in my life. THAT: pronoun. It refers back to something that has been mentioned earlier. At what point in his life?

D I **hadn't thought about it** for years and there it was right in my face.
 It: Pronoun. He hadn't thought about what? What does "it" refer to?

The pronoun "IT" refers back to sth mentioned in the previous phrase/paragraph.
 What does he remember seeing?

Always highlight pronouns before and after the gaps.
 (He, she, it, they, his, her, their, theirs, this, these, that, those, any, another, etc.) You can download a list here :
<http://www.aprendeinglesenleganes.com/tips-and-tricks.php>

That was quite a long time ago.
 The pronoun "THAT" refers back to sth mentioned earlier.
 What does "THAT" refer to?

Taken aback by what?

But : Contrast link
 Introduces an statement, that is different from what was said before.

Always highlight contrast links before and after the gaps.
 (However, although, (even) though, even so, despite, but, yet, whereas, etc.)
 Download a list here :<http://www.aprendeinglesenleganes.com/open-cloze---vocabulary-list.php>