Advanced English crcz

44 Hyphenated Compound verbs in English

with definitions and example sentences

bad-mouth, blow-dry, bottle-feed, booby-trap, cold-shoulder, cross-examine, cross-refer, double-book, double-check, double-click, double-cross, dry-clean, fact-check, fast-track, fast-forward, flash-freeze, force-feed, freeze-dry, gift-wrap, hand-wash, hard-boil, hot-wire, and many more

aprendeinglesenleganes.com

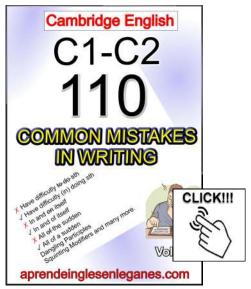
First edition. December 5, 2022

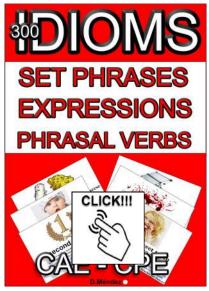
Copyright © 2022 D.Méndez. Written by D.Méndez.

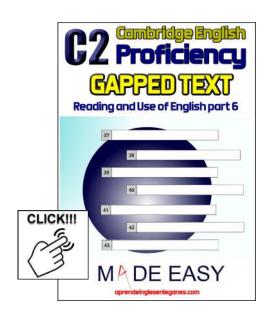
aprendeinglesenleganes.com

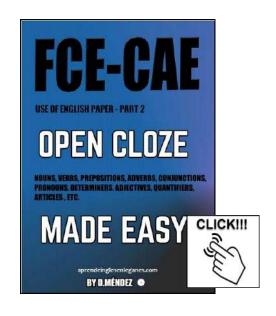


Also available at aprendeinglesenleganes.com

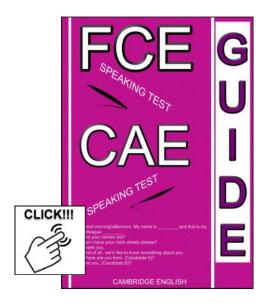


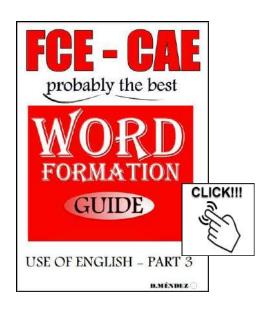


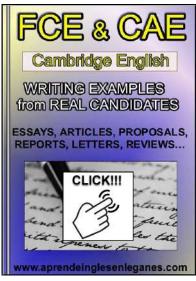


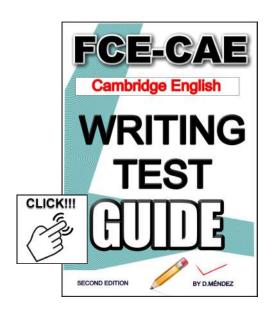












INDEX

PAGE click on verbs to see definitions and examples

7	bad-mouth
7	blow-dry
7	bottle-feed
7	booby-trap
7	cold-shoulder
8	cross-examine
8	cross-refer
8	double-book
8	double-check
9	double-click
9	double-cross
9	dry-clean
9	fact-check
10	fast-track
10	fast-forward
10	flash-freeze
12	force-feed
12	freeze-dry
12	gift-wrap
13	hand-wash
13	hard-boil
13	hot-wire

PAGE

13	ice-skate
14	job-hunt
14	jump-start
14	lip-read
14	lip-sync
15	mass-produce
15	one-up
15	role-play
15	roller-skate
17	rubber-stamp
17	short-change
17	second-guess
17	soft-pedal
17	spoon-feed
18	spot-check
18	spring-clean
18	sugar-coat
19	sweet-talk
19	test-drive
19	two-time
20	window-shop
20	x-ray

44 Hyphenated Compound verbs in English

aprendeinglesenleganes.com
Are you looking for material
to prepare for your
Cambridge English Exam?

bad-mouth blow-dry bottle-feed booby-trap cold-shoulder cross-examine cross-refer double-book double-check double-click double-cross dry-clean fact-check fast-track fast-forward flash-freeze force-feed freeze-dry gift-wrap hand-wash hard-boil hot-wire

ice-skate job-hunt jump-start lip-read lip-sync mass-produce one-up role-play roller-skate rubber-stamp short-change second-guess soft-pedal spoon-feed spot-check spring-clean sugar-coat sweet-talk test-drive two-time window-shop x-ray

Hyphenated Compound Verbs

Hyphenated compound verbs are usually made up of a noun + a verb, an adjective + a noun, and less frequently of an adjective + an adverb, an adjective + a verb, and a verb + a verb:

noun + verb	adjective + noun
mass-produce	bad-mouth
sugar-coat	sweet-talk
adjective + adverb	adjective + verb
fast-forward	soft-pedal

verb + verb
cross-refer

Adverb + Verb

Compound verbs formed by an adverb and a verb are usually presented as one word (i.e. not hyphenated): to overreact, to highlight, to outdo.

- I think the committee may overreact once the media highlight the more controversial aspects of the proposal.
- He always tries to outdo everybody else in the class.

Bad-mouth

to say bad things about someone to other people:

- Her co-workers bad-mouthed her to her boss.
- You'll never hear him badmouthing an opponent.

Blow-dry

to dry your hair using a hairdryer

I took a shower and blow-dried my hair.

Bottle-feed

to feed a baby with milk from a bottle:

- . She bottle-fed both of her babies.
- Do you breastfeed or bottle-feed your baby?

Booby-trap

to hide something dangerous, especially a bomb, inside somewhere that looks safe:

- The police discovered that the car was boobytrapped.
- Computer viruses can be spread in boobytrapped e-mail attachments.

Cold-shoulder

to deliberately ignore someone in an unfriendly way:

 He found himself being cold-shouldered by his former colleagues.

Cross-examine

to ask detailed questions of someone, especially a witness in a trial, in order to discover if they have been telling the truth

 The witness was cross-examined for over two hours.

Cross-refer

to tell a reader to look somewhere else in a book for more information about something:

- The main entry also cross-refers you to the appendix on page 158.
- The two parts of the article cross-refer at a number of points.

Double-book

to promise the same room, seat, ticket, etc. to more than one person or group:

 The room was double-booked so they had to give us a different one.

Double-check

If you double-check something, you make certain it is correct or safe, usually by examining it again.

I always double-check to make sure I locked the door.

Double-click

to press a computer mouse twice in order to tell the computer to do something:

- Double-click (on) the icon to start the program
- All you have to do is double-click on the file to instal the software.

Double-cross

to deceive someone by working only for your own advantage in the (usually illegal) activities you have planned together:

• The diamond thief double-crossed his partners and gave them only worthless fake jewels.

Dry-clean

to clean clothes with chemicals, not water:

- This dress has to be dry-cleaned.
- This garment must be dry-cleaned only

Fact-check

to check that all the facts in a piece of writing, a news article, a speech, etc. are correct:

- Rival journalists fact-check his stories and accuse him of inaccuracies.
- Why don't people fact-check before they publish this stuff?

Fast-track

to make it easier for something to happen or for someone to achieve something more quickly than usual:

 There are calls for the bill to be fast-tracked through Congress.

Fast-forward

If you fast-forward a recording, or if it fast-forwards, you make it play at very high speed so that you get to the end or a later part more quickly:

- I hate this song I'll fast-forward to the next one.
- . The tape jammed while I was fast-forwarding it.

Fast-forward

to move quickly forwards in time, especially to a later point in a story

 The action then fast-forwards to Susan as a young woman.

Flash-freeze

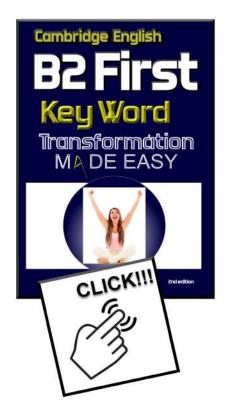
to freeze something, especially food, quickly using very low temperatures, in a way that does not produce ice crystals:

 They make stews from fresh meat and vegetables and flash-freeze them for distribution.

LEARN TO DO

Key Word Transformation Exercises

Reading and Use of English - Part 4







These ebooks have been written to help students prepare for the Key Word Transformation part of the Use of English paper (grammar) of the Cambridge English: B2 First, C1 Advanced and C2 Proficiency exams.

They will give you a good understanding of the different grammatical structures commonly used in this part of the Use of English test, e.g. passive - active voice, conditional sentences, phrasal verbs, idioms, set phrases, comparative-superlative, causative verbs, linking words, etc.

If you want to learn how to do Key word transformation exercises effectively, these ebooks are for you.

Force-feed

to force a person or animal to eat and drink, often putting food into the stomach through a pipe in the mouth:

Eventually, the hunger strikers were force-fed.

(figurative)

- Those teaching our kids should not be forcefeeding them political ideas.
- The whole nation was force-fed government propaganda about how well the country was doing.

Freeze-dry

to preserve something, especially food, by freezing and then drying it:

- When herbs are freeze-dried, the oils in them are kept intact.
- The seeds were freeze-dried and then weighed.

Gift-wrap

to cover something intended as a present with attractive paper

 The watch was beautifully gift-wrapped by the shop person, at no extra charge.

Hand-wash

to wash something such as clothes or kitchen equipment yourself rather than putting them into a machine:

- Always try to hand-wash wooden utensils.
- You've got to hand wash it in cold water because it's silk.

Hard-boil

If you hard-boil an egg, you heat it in its shell in boiling water until both the white and yellow parts are solid:

- I like to hard-boil my eggs for at least ten minutes.
- At Easter, they like to hard-boil eggs and then decorate them.

Hot-wire

to start a car engine without using the key, especially in order to steal the car

 He hot-wired a truck and drove it through a prison fence.

Ice-skate

to move across ice using ice skates

I fell on the ice while I was ice-skating.

Job-hunt

to try to find a job:

 She spent a year job-hunting before being hired by a local legal firm.

Jump-start

to start a car engine by pushing the car or by using jump leads

 I jump-started my wife's car when it wouldn't start in the parking lot.

Lip-read

to understand what someone is saying by watching the movements of their mouth

 Although many deaf children use lip-reading to support spoken communication, not all speech can be lip-read.

Lip-sync (also lip-synch)

Performers who lip-sync songs pretend to be singing them when in fact they are just moving their lips:

- In 1989, Milli Vanilli were caught lip-synching their hits.
- They could lip-sync as well as the video stars of the 1980s.

Mass-produce

to produce a lot of goods cheaply using machines in a factory

 The notion that Ford was the first to massproduce cars is widely accepted.

One-up

to get an advantage over someone by doing something better, more extreme, etc. than them, or by saying that you did or will do something like this:

- They were trying to one-up each other over who had had the worst year.
- Every governor is one upping the other governor on how tough they can get.

Role-play

to pretend to be someone else, especially as part of learning a new skill:

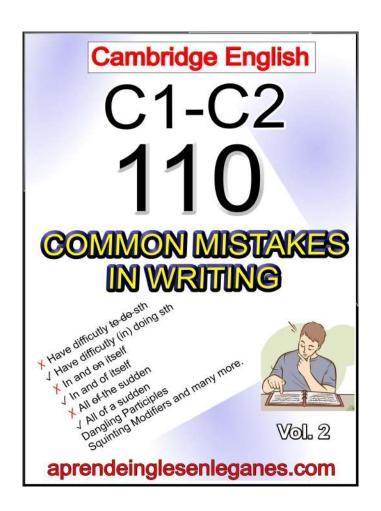
 Children play with dolls and role-play to learn about empathy and caring.

Roller-skate

to move along the ground using roller skates:

 My favourite things were to roller-skate and climb trees.

Common Mistakes in Writing C1 Advanced / C2 Proficiency





This book contains a compilation of 110 common and frequently seen writing mistakes in both the C1 and the C2 writing papers. By learning to recognise and avoid such errors, you can improve your writing skills, and therefore get better marks in your exam.

Take some time to familiarise yourself with the mistakes included on this ebook and remember to always check your piece of writing before you hand it in.

Rubber-stamp

to give official approval to a law, plan, decision, etc., especially without considering it carefully

 The council just rubber-stamps decisions made by a higher authority.

Short-change

to give back less than the correct amount of money to somebody who has paid for something with more than the exact price

- I think I've been short-changed at the bar.
- The check-out girl short-changed her.

Second-guess

to guess what someone will do before they do it

 It was impossible to second-guess the decision of the jury.

Soft-pedal

soft-pedal (on) something : to treat something as less serious or important than it really is

 Television has been accused of soft-pedalling bad news.

Spoon-feed

to feed a baby or other person using a spoon

• The zookeepers were spoon-feeding the baby chimpanzees.

Spoon-feed

to give someone so much help or information that that person does not need to try himself or herself:

 By giving out printed sheets of facts and theories, the teachers spoon-fed us with what we needed for the exam.

Spot-check

to quickly examine a few members of a group instead of the whole group:

At park exits vehicles are spot-checked by an armed ranger.

Spring-clean

to clean all of a place, especially your house, very well, including parts you do not often clean:

- They seem to have spring-cleaned the whole house.
- I've been spring-cleaning all day.

Sugar-coat

to do something that makes an unpleasant situation seem less unpleasant

- There's no way of sugar-coating it—the report predicts a grim future for the industry.
- It is not our job to sugar-coat the rise of hate crimes. The statistics are real.

Sweet-talk

to try to persuade somebody to do something by praising them and telling them things they like to hear

- I can't believe you let him sweet-talk you into working for him!
- The salesman tried to sweet-talk me into buying a bigger car.
- He sweet-talked his way back into her affections.

Test-drive

to drive a car that you are considering buying, in order to see if you like it:

- Always ask if you can test-drive the car first.
- Visit our car show rooms and test-drive any new car.

Two-time

to deceive someone you are having a relationship with by having a secret sexual relationship with someone else at the same time:

- I ended the relationship when I found out he was two-timing me.
- Are you sure she's not two-timing you?

Window-shop

to spend time looking at the goods on sale in shop windows without intending to buy any of them:

- They go to the shopping centre just to windowshop.
- They spent the day window-shopping together in Paris.

X-ray

to photograph and examine bones and organs inside the body, using X-rays

He had to have his chest X-rayed.

Hyphenated compound verbs can also be formed by using some prefixes such as "re-", "co-", "pre-".

The prefix re- means "back" or "again":

re-elect: to elect somebody again

She was re-elected to parliament.

re-emerge: to appear again or return after a period of time.

 Inflation has re-emerged as an economic threat around the world.

The prefix co-means "together":

co-own: to own something such as a business together with one or more other people:

He co-owns a cooking school with his sister.

co-author: to write a book, article, report, etc. together with another person or other people:

 John and his son have co-authored a diet book specifically written for young men.

The prefix pre- means "before":

pre-book :to arrange to have something such as a room, table, seat, or ticket in advance

· You are advised to pre-book.

pre-order : to order (= request to buy) a product before it has become available:

To pre-order the album, visit our website.

